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1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1. Product identifier			
Product Description:	MECHSTER ™ 1110G(BP)		
Chemical Family Chemical Composition	Unsaturated Polyester Resin Isophthalate Bonding Paste		
1.2. Relevant identified uses of the sub Intended Use	stance or mixture and uses advised against		
Sector of Use	SU 3 - Industrial uses SU12 - Manufacture of plastics products, including compounding and conversion SU 22 - Professional uses		
Product Categories	PC32 - Polymer Mixtures and Compounds		
Process Categories	 PROC1 - Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure PROC3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation); Industrial setting PROC4 - Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises PROC5 - Mixing or blending in batch processes for formulation of mixtures and articles(multistage and/or significant contact) PROC 6 - Calendaring Operation PROC7 - Industrial spraying PROC8a - Transfer of substance or mixture (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at non dedicated facilities PROC 8b - Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at dedicated facilities PROC9 - Transfer of substance or mixture into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing) PROC10 - Roller application or brushing PROC11 - Non industrial spraying PROC13 - Treatment of articles by dipping and pouring PROC14 - Production of mixtures or articles by tableting, compression, extrusion, palletisation PROC15 - Use as a laboratory reagent PROC 19 - Hand-Mixing with intimate contact and only PPE available PROC 22 - Potentially closed processing operations with minerals/metals at high Temperature 		
Uses advised against	No information available		
1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety	y data sheet		
Manufacturer: MECHEMCO RESINS PVT. LTD. D-36/3, T.T.C INDUSTRIAL AREA, MIDC,TURBHE, NAVI MUMBAI –400 613. INDIA.			
Email	mechemcoresins@vsnl.net / mrpl@mtnl.net.in		
1.4. Emergency telephone number	+91-22-27682720 / 27632153 /27632154 / 27682721		

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2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008

Classification according to EU Directives 67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC

R10 - Xn;R48/20 - Xn;R20 - Xn;R36/37/38

2.2. GHS Labelling Classification

Labelling according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)

Labelling according to EU Directives 67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC



Signal Word

:Danger

Hazard Statements

- H226 Flammable liquid and vapour
- H315 Causes skin irritation
- H319 Causes serious eye irritation
- H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
- H332 Harmful if inhaled
- H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
- H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure
- H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Precautions

Preventive:

- P210 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. No smoking
- P240 Ground/bond container and receiving equipment
- P242 Use only non-sparking tools
- P243 Take precautionary measures against static discharge
- P260 Do not breathe dust/gas/mist/vapours
- P264 Wash with plenty of water and soap thoroughly after handling
- P270 Do not eat drink or smoke while using this product.
- P273 Avoid Release to the environment
- P280 Wear protective gloves and eye/face protection

Response:

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove Contact lenses if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P304 + P340 - IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

P301 + P310 - IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor /physician.

P303 + P361 + P352 - IF ON SK+E15IN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing, wash with plenty of soap and water.

Storage:

P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P235 - Keep cool.





P405 - Store locked up. **Disposal:** P501 - Dispose of contents/container to hazardous or special waste collection point.

R -phrase(s) (Risk-Phrase(s))

R10 - Flammable

R20 - Harmful by inhalation R36/37/38 - Irritating to eyes, respiratory system and skin R48/20 - Harmful: danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure through inhalation

S -phrase(s) (Safety-Phrase(s))

S16 - Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking

S23 - Do not breathe vapor

S26 - In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice

S62 - If swallowed, do not induce vomiting: seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label

2.3. Other hazards

No information available.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS

Component	EC No.	CAS-No	Weight %	Classification	EU - GHS Substance Classification	REACH No.
Styrene	202-851-5	100-42-5	25 – 40	R10 Xn; R20-R48/20- 65 Xi; R36/37/38	Skin Irrit. 2 (H315) Flam. Liq. 3 (H226) Eye Irrit. 2 (H319) Acute Tox. 4 (H332) STOT RE 1 (H372) STOT SE 3 (H335) Asp. Tox. 1 (H304) Aq. Chron. 3 (H412)	01-2119457861-32
Cobalt bis(2- ethylhexanoate)	205-250-6	136-52-7	0.05 – 0.2	R43, R51/53, R62	Acute tox. 4 (oral) (H302) Skin Sensibilization, 01 (H317) Eye Irrit. 2 (H319) Repr. 2 (H361f) Aq. Toxic. Acute 1 (H400) Aq. Toxic. Chronic 1 (H410)	01-2119524678-29

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Eye Contact:

Immediately flush eyes for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention.

Skin contact:

Wash off with warm water and soap. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. If skin irritation persists, call a physician. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Ingestion:

Do not induce vomiting. This material may enter the lungs during vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get immediate medical attention.

Inhalation:

Remove person to fresh air. Keep patient warm and at rest. If breathing is labored, administer oxygen. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Get medical attention immediately.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Irritating to eyes, respiratory system and skin. Harmful by inhalation, in contact with skin and if swallowed.



4.3. Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to Physician Treat symptomatically.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable Extinguishing Media: Carbon dioxide (CO2), Foam, Dry chemical, Water spray

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons:

Do not use water stream as it may scatter and spread fire.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Special exposure hazards arising from the substance or preparation itself, combustion products, resulting gases are Flammable. Vapors may form explosive mixture with air. Vapors may travel to areas away from work site before igniting/flashing back to vapor source. Combustion may produce carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, irritating or toxic vapors and gases. Fight fire from maximum distance or use unmanned hose holders or monitor nozzles. Move containers from fire area if you can do it without risk. Cool containers with flooding quantities of water until well after fire is out. Withdraw immediately in case of rising sound from venting safety devices or discoloration of tank. Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must be disposed of in accordance with local regulations.

5.3. Advice for fire fighters

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and protective suit.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Remove all sources of ignition. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Avoid contact with the skin and the eyes. Use personal protective equipment. Ensure adequate ventilation. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Beware of vapors accumulating to form explosive concentrations. Vapors can accumulate in low areas. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system. Prevent product from entering drains.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

A vapor suppressing foam may be used to reduce vapors. Absorb spill with inert material (e.g. dry sand or earth), then place in a chemical waste container. Use clean non-sparking tools to collect absorbed material.

6.4. Reference to other sections

See Section 12 for additional information.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1. Precautions for Safe Handling

Handling:

Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-use. Ensure adequate ventilation. Ground and bond containers when transferring material. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Consult your supplier of promoters and catalysts for additional instructions on proper mixing and usage. Empty containers may retain product residue (liquid and/or vapor). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose these containers to heat, flame, sparks, static electricity, or other sources of ignition as the



container may explode and may cause injury or death. Empty drums should be completely drained and properly bunged. Empty drums should be promptly returned to a drum reconditioner or properly disposed. Do not use compressed air for filling, discharging or handling.

Hygiene Measures

Wash hands before eating, drinking, or smoking.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. No smoking. Keep away from direct sunlight. Store it away from incompatible materials. Keep containers tightly closed in a cool, well-ventilated place. To ensure maximum stability and maintain optimum resin properties, resins should be stored in closed containers at temperatures below 25°C.

7.3. Specific End Use(s)

Exposure Scenario Other Guidelines No information available. No information available.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control parameters

Exposure limits

Components with workplace control parameters.

Styrene

Austria	80 ppm STEL
	340 mg/m ³ STEL
	20 ppm TWA
	85 mg/m ³ TWA
Belgium	50 ppm TWA
	216 mg/m ³ TWA
	(skin)
	100 ppm STEL
	432 mg/m ³ STEL
Bulgaria	85.0 mg/m ³ TWA
	215.0 mg/m ³ STEL
Czech Republic	400 mg/m ³ Ceiling
	100 mg/m°TWA
	(skin)
Denmark	25 ppm Ceiling
	105 mg/m ³ Ceiling
	(skin)
Estonia	20 ppm TWA
	90 mg/m [°] TWA
	50 ppm STEL
	200 mg/m°STEL
	(skin)
Finland	20 ppm TWA
	86 mg/m TWA
	100 ppm STEL
France	430 mg/m STEL
France	$215 \text{ mg/m}^3 \text{TM/A}$
Germany	213 mg/m TWA 20 ppm TWA
Germany	20 ppin 1 WA 86 mg/m ³ T\//A
Greece	100 nnm T\V/Δ
Greece	$425 \text{ mg/m}^3 \text{TWA}$
	250 ppm STFI
	1050 mg/m ³ STFI
Hungarv	50 mg/m ³ TWA AK
5. 1	50 mg/m ³ STEL CK

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Ireland	20 ppm TWA
	85 mg/m³TWA
	40 ppm STEL
	170 mg/m ³ STEL
Latvia	10 mg/m ³ TWA
	30 mg/m ³ STEL
Lithuania	20 ppm TWA (IPRD)
	90 mg/m ³ TWA (IPRD)
	10 ppm TWA (IPRD)
	50 ppm STEL (TPRD)
	200 mg/m ³ STEL (TPRD)
	(skin)
Norway	25 ppm TWA
	105 mg/m ³ TWA
	37.5 ppm STEL
	131.25 mg/m ³ STEL
Poland	200 mg/m ³ STEL
	50 mg/m ³ TWA
	(skin)
Portugal OELs Data	20 ppm
	40 ppm STEL
Romania	12 ppm TWA
	50 mg/m ³ TWA
	35 ppm STEL
	150 mg/m ³ STEL
Russia	10 mg/m ³ TWA (vapor)
	30 mg/m₃STEL (vapor)
Slovakia	20 ppm TWA
	86 mg/m ³ TWA
	200 mg/m ³ Ceiling
Slovenia	20 ppm TWA
	86 mg/m ³ TWA
	80 ppm STEL
	344 mg/m ³ STEL
Spain	20 ppm TWA
	86 mg/m ³ TWA
	40 ppm STEL
	172 mg/m³STEL
Sweden	20 ppm LLV
	90 mg/m³LLV
	50 ppm STV
	200 mg/m³STV
Switzerland	40 ppm STEL
	170 mg/m [°] STEL
	20 ppm TWA
	85 mg/m³TWA
United Kingdom	100 ppm TWA
	430 mg/m³TWA
	250 ppm STEL
	1080 mg/m ³ STEL
ACGIH - TLV	20 ppm TWA
	40 ppm STEL

Legend:

ACGIH - American Conference of Industrial Hygienists TLV - Threshold Limit Value TWA - Time weighted average STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit MAK - Maximum Occupational Exposure Limits SKIN: Skin Absorption

Biological occupational exposure limits

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Component: Styrene

Bulgaria

BEI: 600 mg/g Creatinine, DETERMINANT: Mandelic acid and Phenylglyoxylic acid - together in urine, SAMPLING TIME: at the end of exposure or end of shift, in remote exposure - after several shifts

Finland

BEI: 1.2 mmol/L, DETERMINANT: MAPGA in urine, SAMPLING TIME: prior to shift NOTE: MAPGA equals sum of urinary Mandelic and Phenylglyoxylic acids

France

BEI: 0.55 mg/L, DETERMINANT: Styrene in venous blood, SAMPLING TIME: end of shift, NOTE: Semi-quantitative (ambiguous interpretation)

BEI: 0.02 mg/L, DETERMINANT: Styrene in venous blood, SAMPLING TIME: prior to shift, NOTE: Semi-quantitative (ambiguous interpretation)

BEI: 800 mg/g creatinine, DETERMINANT: Mandelic acid in urine, SAMPLING TIME: end of shift, NOTE: Non-specific (observed after the exposure to other substances)

BEI: 300 mg/g creatinine, DETERMINANT: Mandelic acid in urine, SAMPLING TIME: prior to shift, NOTE: Non-specific (observed after the exposure to other substances)

BEI: 240 mg/g creatinine, DETERMINANT: Phenylglyoxylic acid in urine, SAMPLING TIME: end of shift, NOTE: Non-specific (observed after the exposure to other substances)

BEI: 100 mg/g creatinine, DETERMINANT: Phenylglyoxylic acid in urine, SAMPLING TIME: prior to shift, NOTE:Non-specific (observed after the exposure to other substances)

Germany

BEI: 600 mg/g, DETERMINANT: Mandelic acid plus Phenylglyoxylic acid in urine, SAMPLING TIME: end of shift, NOTE:measured as mg/g Creatinine

BEI: 600 mg/g, DETERMINANT: Mandelic acid plus Phenylglyoxylic acid in urine, SAMPLING TIME: end of several shifts, NOTE: measured as mg/g Creatinine; for long-term exposures

Latvia

BEI: 0.8 g/g Creatinine, DETERMINANT: Mandelic acid in urine, SAMPLING TIME: end of shift BEI: 0.55 mg/g, DETERMINANT: Styrene in blood, SAMPLING TIME: end of shift

Romania

BEI: 800 mg/g creatinine, DETERMINANT: Mandelic acid in urine, SAMPLING TIME: end of shift

- BEI: 300 mg/g creatinine, DETERMINANT: Mandelic acid in urine, SAMPLING TIME: beginning of second shift
- BEI: 100 mg/g creatinine, DETERMINANT: Phenylglyoxylic acid in urine, SAMPLING TIME: end of shift
- BEI: 100 mg/g creatinine, DETERMINANT: Phenylglyoxylic acid in urine, SAMPLING TIME: beginning of second shift

BEI: 0.55 mg/L, DETERMINANT: Styrene in blood, SAMPLING TIME: end of shift

BEI: 0.02 mg/L, DETERMINANT: Styrene in blood, SAMPLING TIME: beginning of second shift

Slovakia

BEI: 600 mg/g creatinine, DETERMINANT: Mandelic acid and phenylglycolic acid in urine, SAMPLING TIME: after all work shifts, NOTE: for long-term exposure

BEI: 600 mg/g creatinine, DETERMINANT: Mandelic acid and phenylglycolic acid in urine, SAMPLING TIME: end of exposure or work shift, NOTE:

Component	Derived No Effect Level (DNEL)	Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)
Styrene	End Use: Workers	Fresh water
•	Exposure Route: Inhalation	Value: 0.028 mg/l
	Exposure Type: Acute, systemic effects Value: 289 mg/m ³ (68 ppm)	Assessment factor: 10
		Sea water
	End Use: Workers	Value: 0.0028 mg/l
	Exposure Route: Inhalation	Assessment factor: 100
	Exposure Type: Acute, local effects	
	Value: 306 mg/m ³ (72 ppm)	Water
		Value: 0.04 mg/l Intermittent Releases





End Lise: Workers	Assossment factor: 100
End Use. WUIKEIS	
Exposure Tuper Long term system:	Fresh water codiment
Exposure Type: Long term, systemic	Fresh water sediment
$\frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}$	value: 0.014 mg/kg dw
value: 85 mg/m (20 ppm)	
	Sea sediment
End Use: Workers	Value: 0.0614 mg/kg dw
Exposure Route: Dermal	
Exposure Type: Long term, systemic	Sewage Treatment Plant
effects	Value: 5 mg/l
Value: 406 mg/kg bw/day	Assessment factor: 100
End Use: General Population	Soil
Exposure Route: Inhalation	Value: 0.2 mg/kg dw
Exposure Type: Acute, systemic effects	
Value: 174.25 mg/m ³ (41 ppm)	
End Use: General Population	
Exposure Route: Inhalation	
Exposure Type: Acute, local effects	
Value: 182.75 mg/m ³ (43 ppm)	
End Use: General Population	
Exposure Route: Inhalation	
Exposure Type: Long term, systemic	
effects	
Value: $10.2 \text{ mg/m}^{3}(2.4 \text{ ppm})$	
End Use: General Population	
Exposure Route: Dermal	
Exposure Type: Long term, systemic	
effects	
Value: 343 mg/kg bw/day	

8.2. Exposure controls **Engineering Controls:**

Engineering Controls:	Use general ventilation to maintain airborne concentrations to levels that are below regulatory and recommended occupational exposure limits. Local ventilation may be required during certain operations.
Personal protective equipment	
Eye Protection	Safety glasses with side-shields conforming to EN166. If splashes are likely to occur, wear Tightly fitting safety goggles (EN166). Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Skin Protection	Impervious clothing.
Hand Protection	Protective gloves complying with EN 374. Wear chemical-resistant gloves such as polyvinyalcohol or Viton. Gloves made of nitrile rubber or polyvinyl chloride (PVC) may be used for splash protection and brief or intermittent contact with styrenated polyester resin. Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. Also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion.
Respiratory Protection:	None required if hazards have been assessed and airborne concentrations are maintained below the exposure limits listed in Section 8. Wear an approved air- purifying respirator with organic vapor cartridges and particulate filters where airborne concentrations may exceed exposure limits in Section 8 and/or there is exposure to dust or mists due to sanding, grinding, cutting, or spraying. Use an approved positive-pressure air-supplied respirator with emergency escape provisions if there is any potential for an uncontrolled release, airborne concentrations are not known, or any other circumstances where air-purifying

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respirators may not provide adequate protection.

Recommended Filter type:

Type A (EN141) and Type P2 (EN143)

Environmental exposure co

controls Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance: Odor:	Opaque Light Grey Styrenic	Physical State: Odor Threshold:	Paste 0.2ppm (Styrene)
			Remarks/ Method
рH		Not Applicable	None known
Melting Point/ Fr	eezing Point	-30°C (Styrene)	None known
Boiling Point/ boi	ling Range	146°C (Styrene)	None known
Flash Point		32°C	None known
Evaporation Rate		0.49 (BuAc = 1) (Styrene)	None known
Flammability Limi	it in air		
Upper		6.8% (Styrene)	
Lower		0.9% (Styrene)	
Vapor Pressure		4.5 mm Hg (Styrene) @ 20°C	None known
Vapor Density		3.6 (Air = 1) (Styrene)	None known
Specific Gravity		1.18 – 1.22 @ 25°C	None known
Solubility		Insoluble in water	None known
Partition Coefficie	ent: n-Octanol/Water	No data Available	None known
Auto ignition Tem	nperature	490°C (Styrene)	None known
Decomposition Te	emperature	No data Available	None known
Viscosity		Highly Thixotropic	Brookfield Test Method
Explosive Propert	ies	No information available	
Oxidizing Propert	ies	No information available	

9.2. Other information

No other information available

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1. Reactivity

Unstable upon depletion of inhibitor.

10.2. Chemical Stability

Stable under normal conditions. Stable under recommended storage conditions.

10.3. Possibility of Hazardous Reactions

Polymerization can occur. Hazardous polymerization will occur if contaminated with peroxides, metal salts and polymerization catalysts. Hazardous polymerization may occur upon depletion of inhibitor - may cause heat and pressure build-up in closed containers. Product will undergo hazardous polymerization at temperatures above 150° F (65° C).

10.4. Conditions to Avoid

Heat, flames and sparks. Contamination by those materials referred to under Incompatible materials. Unstable upon depletion of inhibitor. Elevated temperatures.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong acids. Strong oxidizing agents. Metal salts. Polymerization initiators. Copper. Copper alloys. Brass.

10.6. Hazardous Decomposition Products

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Hydrocarbons. Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapours.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. Information on toxicological effects		
Acute Toxicity		
Inhalation	Harmful by inhalation. May cause irritation of respiratory tract. Inhalation of high vapor concentrations can cause CNS depression and narcosis.	
Eye Contact	Irritating to eyes.	
Skin Contact	Causes skin irritation. Prolonged skin contact may defat the skin and produce dermatitis.	
Ingestion	Harmful if swallowed. Ingestion may cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.	
Styrene		
LD50 Oral	= 5000 mg/kg (Rat)	
LD50 Dermal	>2000 - (Rat) mg/kg	
LD 50 Inhalation	=11.8 mg/l (4 H) Rat	
Irritation	Irritating to eyes and skin.	
Corrosivity	Non Corrosive	
Sensitization	Non Sensitizing	
Carcinogenic Effect	There is no convincing evidence that styrene possesses significant carcinogenic potential in humans.	
Repeated dose toxicity	In humans, styrene may cause a transient decrease in color discrimination and effects on hearing. Repeated or prolonged exposure may cause skin irritation and dermatitis, due to defatting properties of the product. May cause damage to the liver, eyes, brain, respiratory system, central nervous system through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled.	
Mutagenic Effect	Styrene has given mixed positive and negative results in a number of mutagenicity tests. Styrene was not mutagenic without metabolic activation but gave negative and positive mutagenic results with metabolic activation.	
Target Organs	Liver, Central nervous system (CNS), Respiratory system.	

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1. Toxicity

Styrene	
Freshwater Algae	EC50 = 1.4 mg/L (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata) (72h)
	EC50 0.46 - 4.3 mg/L (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata) (72h)
Freshwater Fish	LC50 3.24 - 4.99 mg/L (Pimephales promelas) (96 h) flow-through
	LC50 19.03 - 33.53 mg/L (Lepomis macrochirus) (96 h) static
	LC50 6.75 - 14.5 mg/L (Pimephales promelas) (96 h) static
	LC50 58.75 - 95.32 mg/L (Poecilia reticulata) (96 h) static
Aquatic Invertebrates	EC50 3.3 - 7.4 mg/L (Daphnia magna) (48h)

12.2. Persistence and degradability

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No information available.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential.

Bioaccumulation is unlikely.

Styrene

Log Kow 2.95 Bioconcentration factor (BCF) 13.5 fish

12.4. Mobility in soil

No information available.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture contains no substance considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating nor toxic (PBT). This mixture contains no substance considered to be very persistent nor very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

12.6. Other adverse effects

No information available.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste from Residues / Unused Products	This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Can be incinerated, when in compliance with local regulations.
Contaminated packaging	Empty containers should be taken for local recycling, recovery or waste disposal.
EWC Waste Disposal No	07 00 00 WASTES FROM ORGANIC CHEMICAL PROCESSES07 02 00 Wastes from MFSU of plastics, synthetic rubber and man-made fibres07 02 99 Wastes not otherwise specified

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

ADR/RID

UN-No.	1866
Proper Shipping Name	Resin Solution
Hazard Class	3
Packing Group	III
Classification Code	F1
Hazard Identification No.	30
Tunnel Restriction Code	D/E

IMDG/IMO

UN-No.	1866
Proper Shipping Name	Resin Solution
Hazard Class	CLASS 3
Packing Group	PG III
Environmental Hazard	None
EMS No.	F-E, S-E

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Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code No Information Available

ΙΑΤΑ

UN-No.	1866
Proper Shipping Name	Resin Solution
Hazard Class	3
Packing Group	III
Environmental Hazard	None
Packing instruction	355; 366

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Denmark

List of substances and processes that are considered to be carcinogenic

Component	Status
Styrene (CAS #: 100-42-5)	Present

Additional Information

Must not be used by youngsters under the age of 18, ref. the notification from the Ministry of Labour regarding work by youngsters. The user must have undergone special training approved by the Labour Inspection Authority (AT) in order to work with products containing carcinogenic substances.

Germany

WGK Classification

Hazardous to water/Class 2

Netherlands

List of Carcinogens, Mutagens and Reproductive Toxins No information available

Water Hazard Class

10-May cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

International Inventories	
TSCA Inventory Status	All components of this material are listed on the US Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) inventory.
Canadian Inventory Status	All components of this material are listed on the Canadian Domestic Substances List (DSL).
Australian Inventory Status	This product contains only chemicals which are currently listed on the Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances.
Korean Inventory Status	This product contains only chemicals which are currently listed on the Korean Chemical Substances List.
Philippine Inventory	This product contains only chemicals that are currently listed on the Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances.
Japan ENCS	This product contains only chemicals that are currently listed on the Japanese Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances.

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Chinese IECS	This product contains only chemicals that are currently listed on the Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances.
New Zealand Inventory	This product contains only chemicals which are currently listed on the New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals.
Product Registrations	
Norway	Not applicable
Denmark	Not applicable

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Text of R phrases mentioned in Section 3

R10 - Flammable

R20 - Harmful by inhalation R65 - Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed R36/37/38 - Irritating to eyes, respiratory system and skin R48/20 - Harmful: danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure through inhalation R43 - May cause sensitisation by skin contact R50/53 - Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment. R62 -Possible risk of impaired fertility

Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 3

- H226 Flammable liquid and vapor
- H302 harmful if swallowed
- H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
- H315 Causes skin irritation
- H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction
- H319 Causes serious eye irritation
- H332 Harmful if inhaled
- H335 May cause respiratory irritation
- H361f Suspect of damaging fertility
- H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled
- H400 Very toxic to aquatic life
- H410 Very Toxic to Aquatic life with long lasting effects
- H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Prepared By	Mechemco Resins Pvt. Ltd.
Revision Date	March/2013
Revision Summary	None
Former date	New

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End of Material Safety Data Sheet